



Cross Species Quantitative Microglia Branching Analysis

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What are microglia? What is cell morphology?

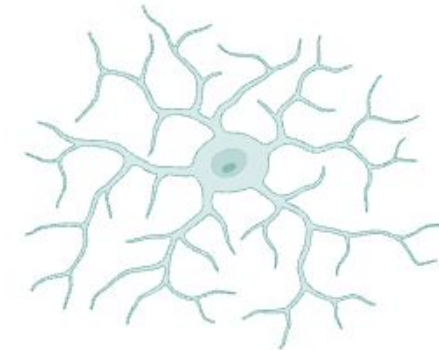
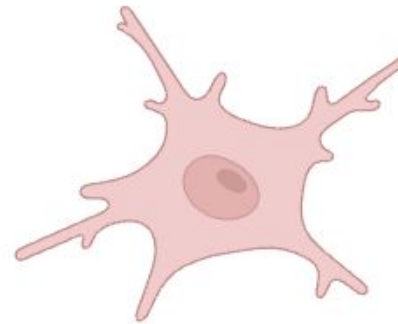
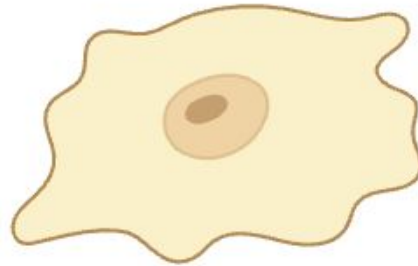
Resident Immune Cells of the Brain

Historic

M1

M2

M?



Modern

**Ameboid,
Active**

Swollen

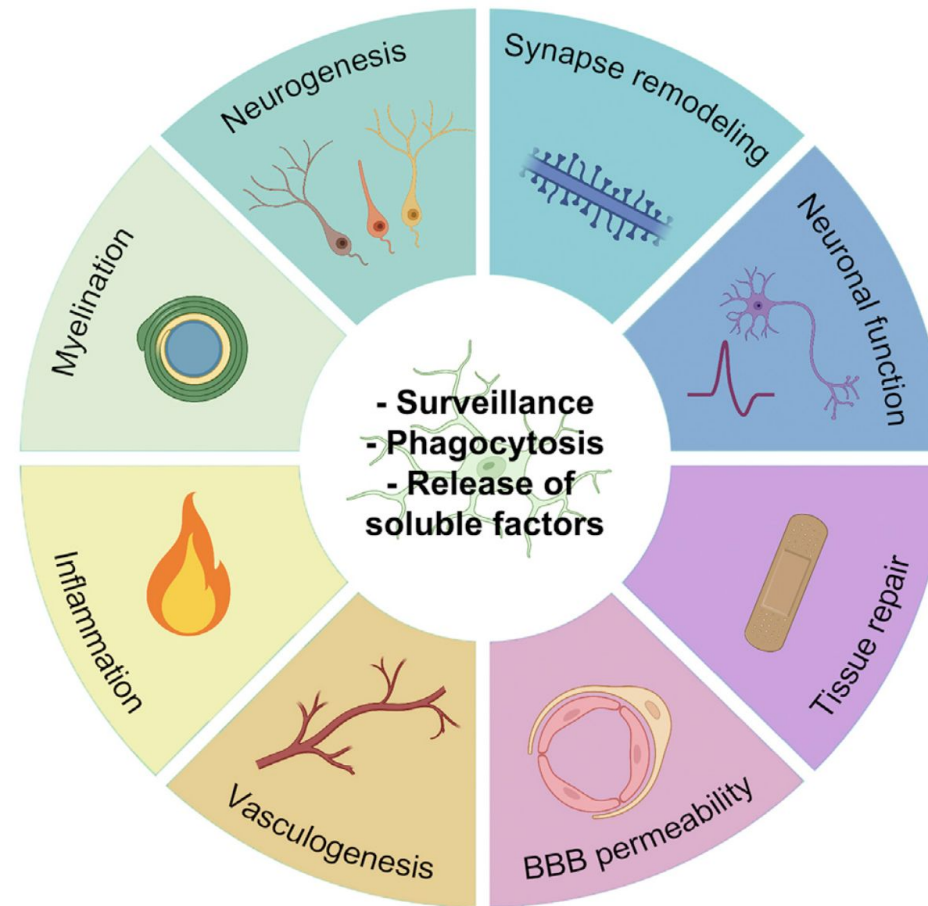
Resting



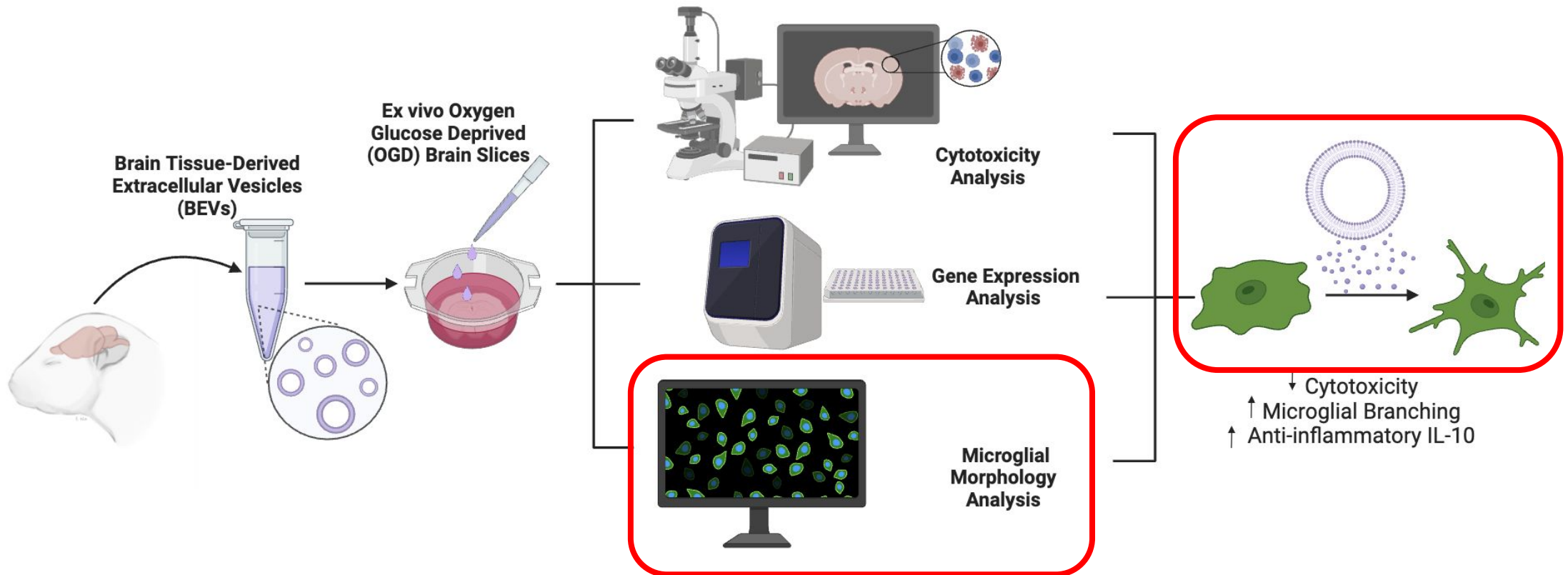
**Changes shape depending on the health of the
environment**

What are microglia important?

Microglia Morphology can tell us the effectivity of treatment according to factors such as cytotoxicity.

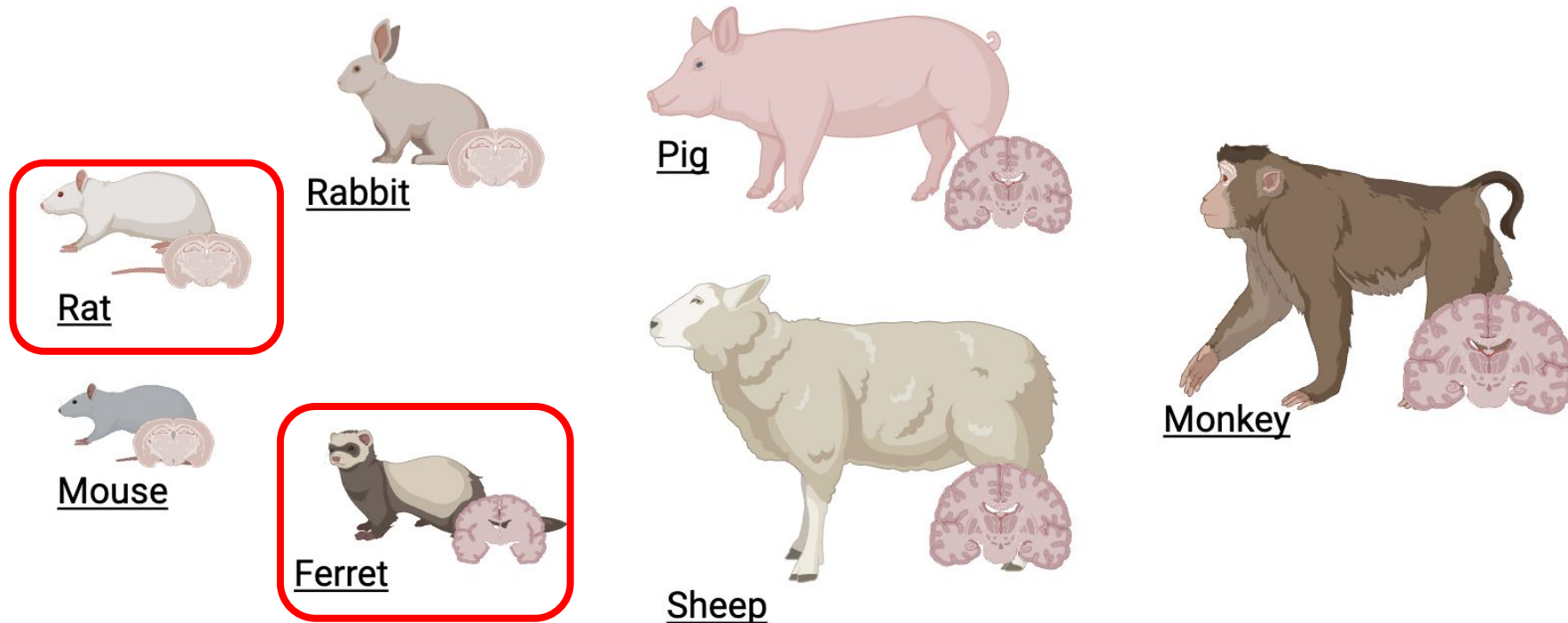


What does microglia morphology show us?



How do we research microglia?

Utilizing animal models, we are able to find possible therapeutics for diseases which also applies to humans!



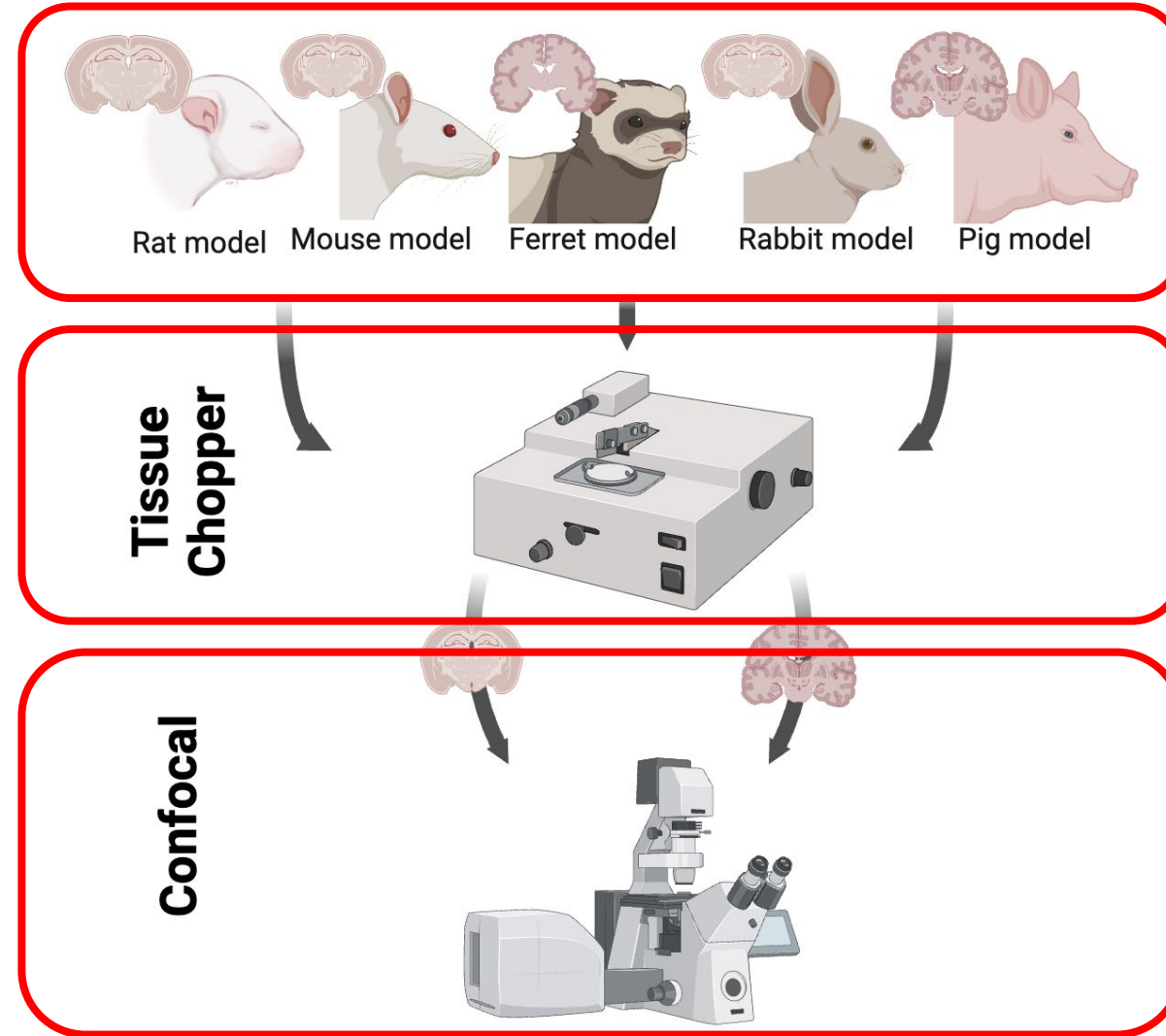
With so many animal models used throughout the field, are there any variances in microglia morphology cross-species?



How do we extract microglia?

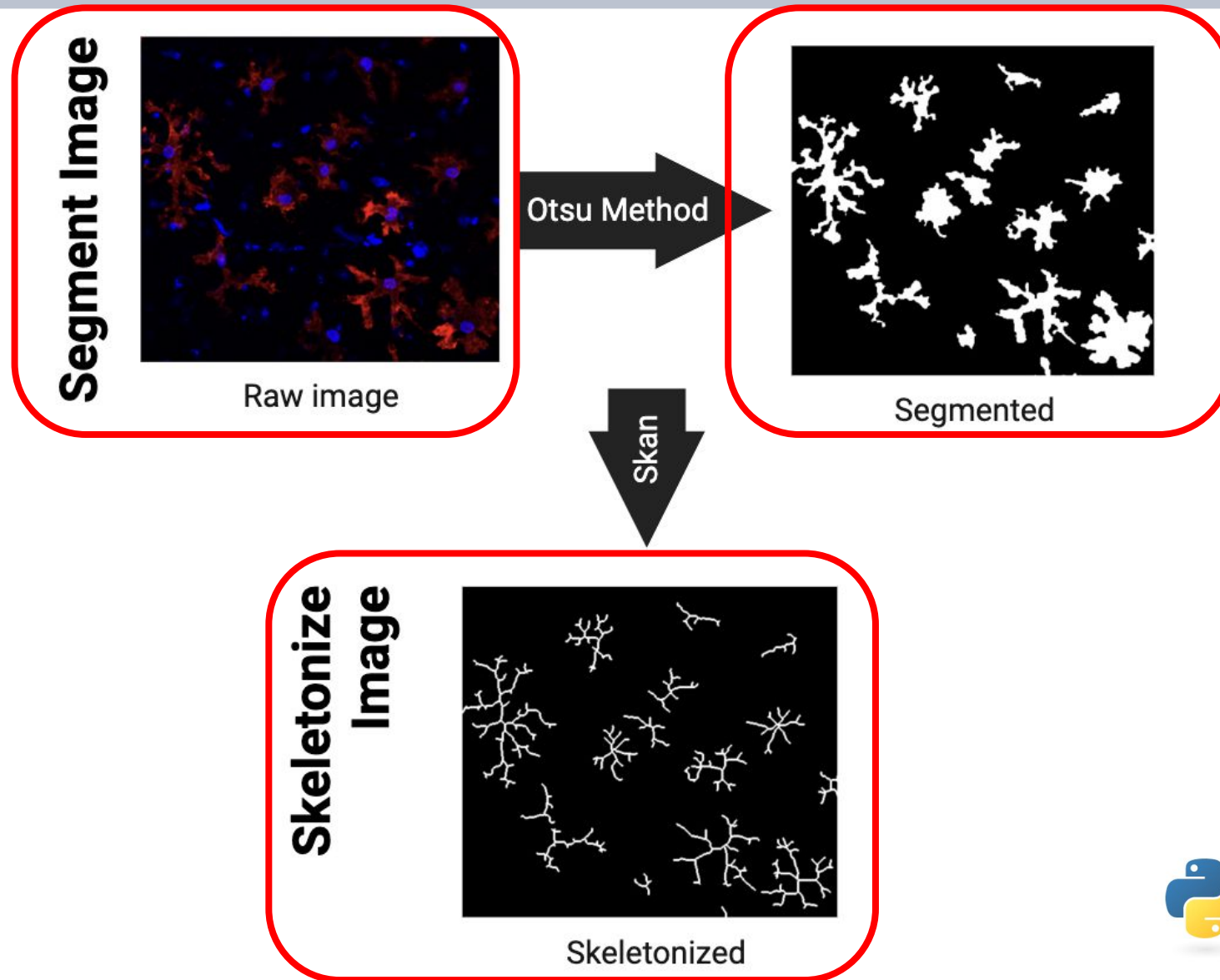


+ other collaborators

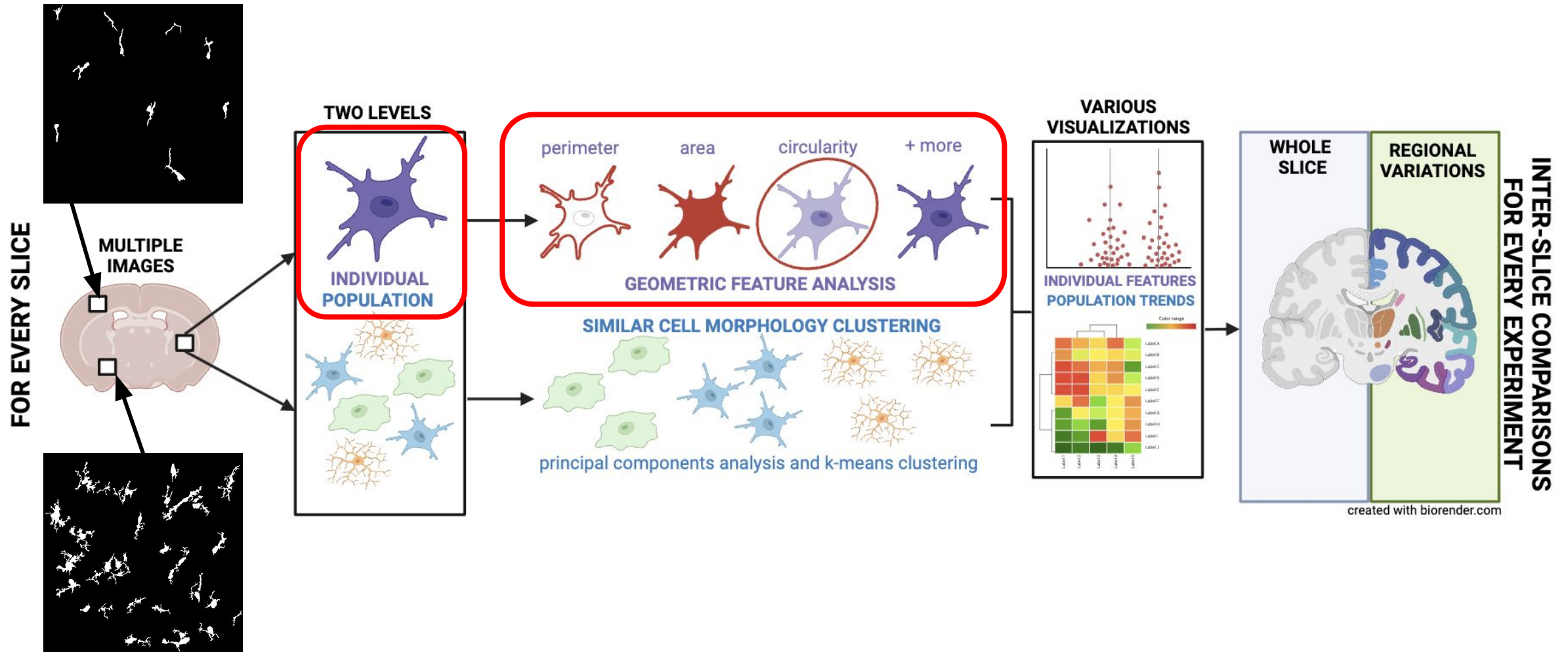


All Healthy Animals

How do we quantify microglia morphology?

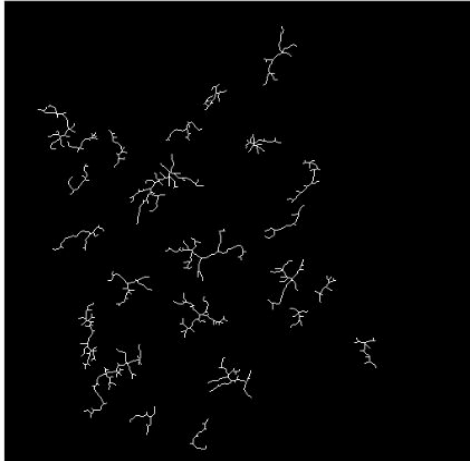


What can we get from these images?

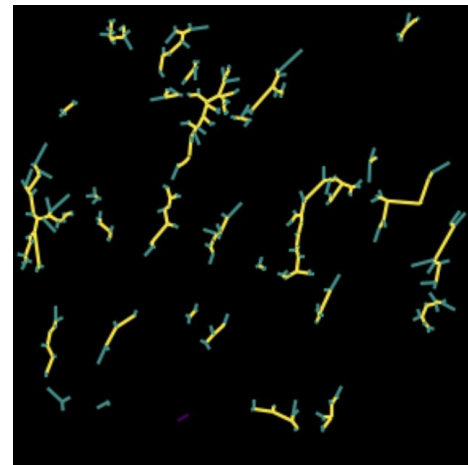
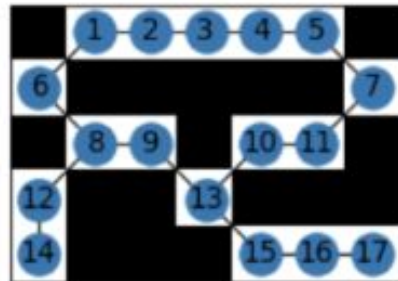
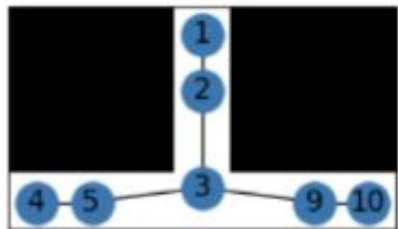
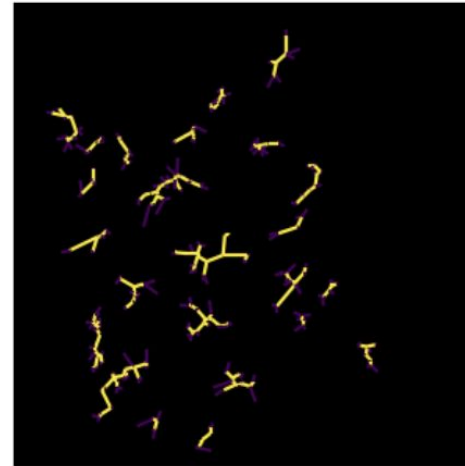


What can we get from these images?

Skeletonized
Image



Branch Distance
According to Branch
Type



Branch
Types

Distance

0 Endpoint



Endpoint

1 Junction



Endpoint

2 Junction



Junction



What can we get from these images?

Mainly highlighting:

species combined

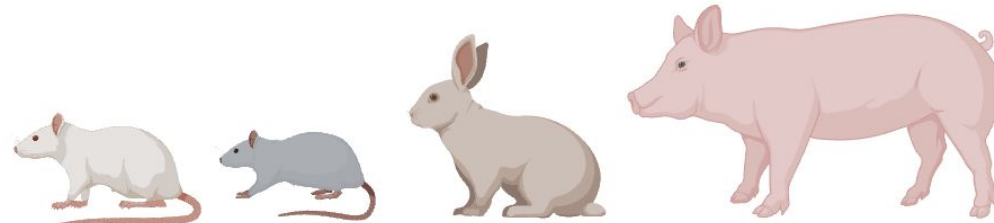
rat, mouse, ferret, rabbit, pig
not separated based on age and sex



Highlight regions with differences most seen in:

sexual maturity equivalent

rat, mouse, rabbit, pig
not separated based on sex



P70

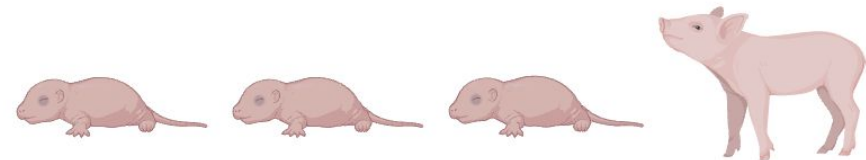
P45

P22

P220

neonatal equivalent

rat, mouse, ferret, pig
not separated based on sex



P13

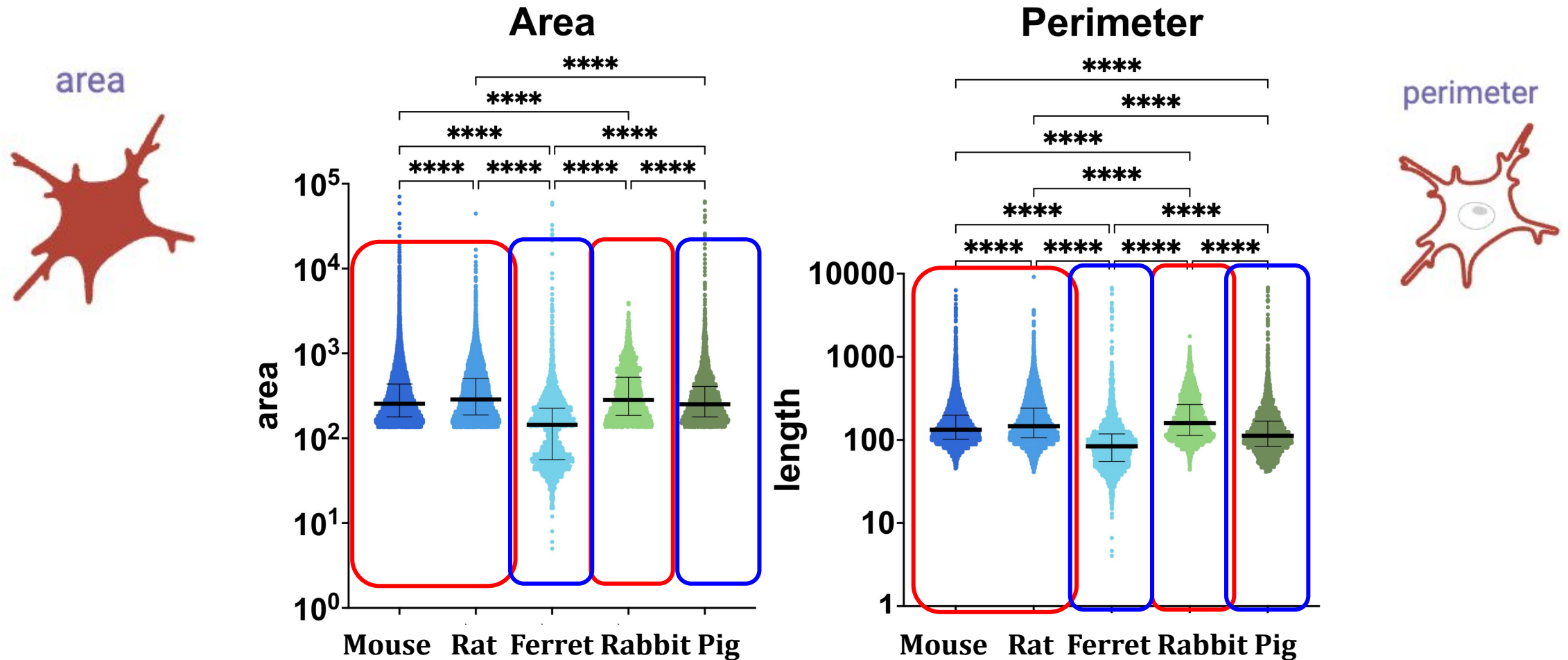
P12

P21

P23

P = postnatal day

What are the differences between species in terms of size?



Mouse, rat, and rabbit are more branched out or larger

units in pixels - scaled with log10 for visibility

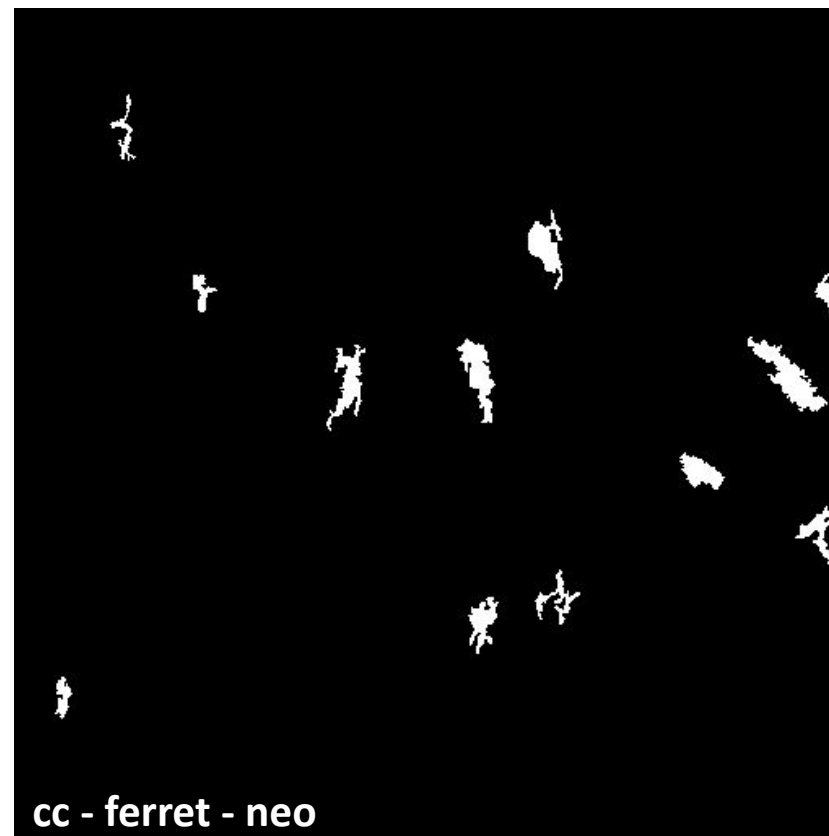
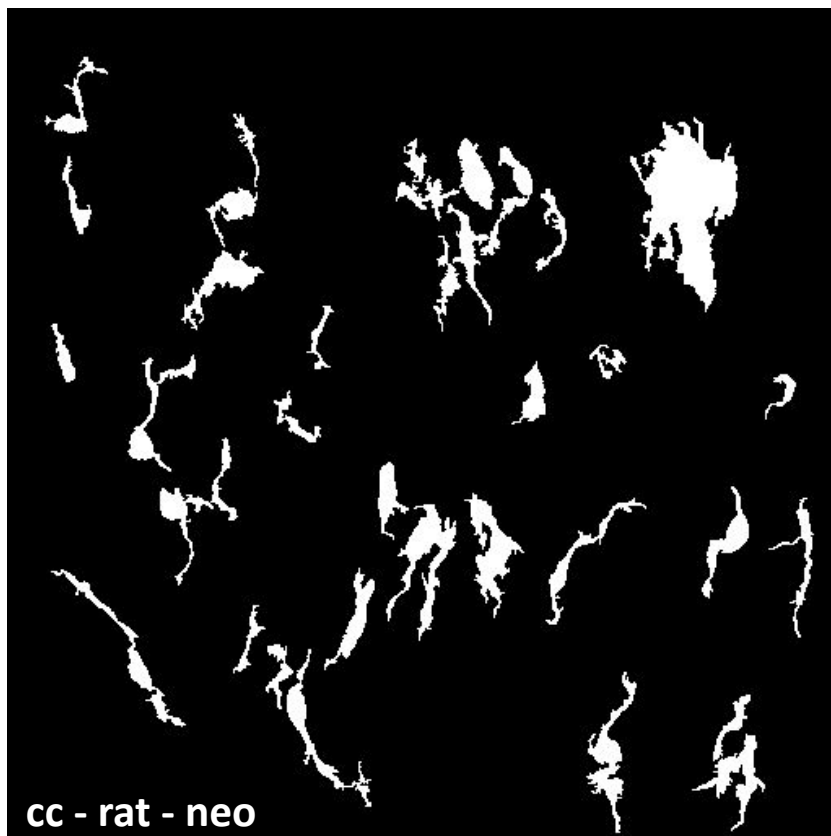
*($p < 0.05$), **($p < 0.01$), and ***($p < 0.005$) ****($p < 0.001$) indicate significant differences with Kruskal-Wallis test.

Neonatal eqv mouse and rat in most regions are larger in area than ferret and pigs



13

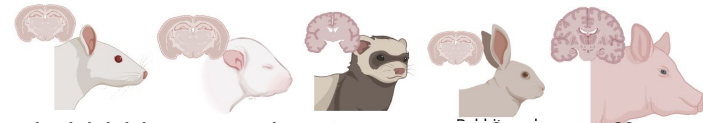
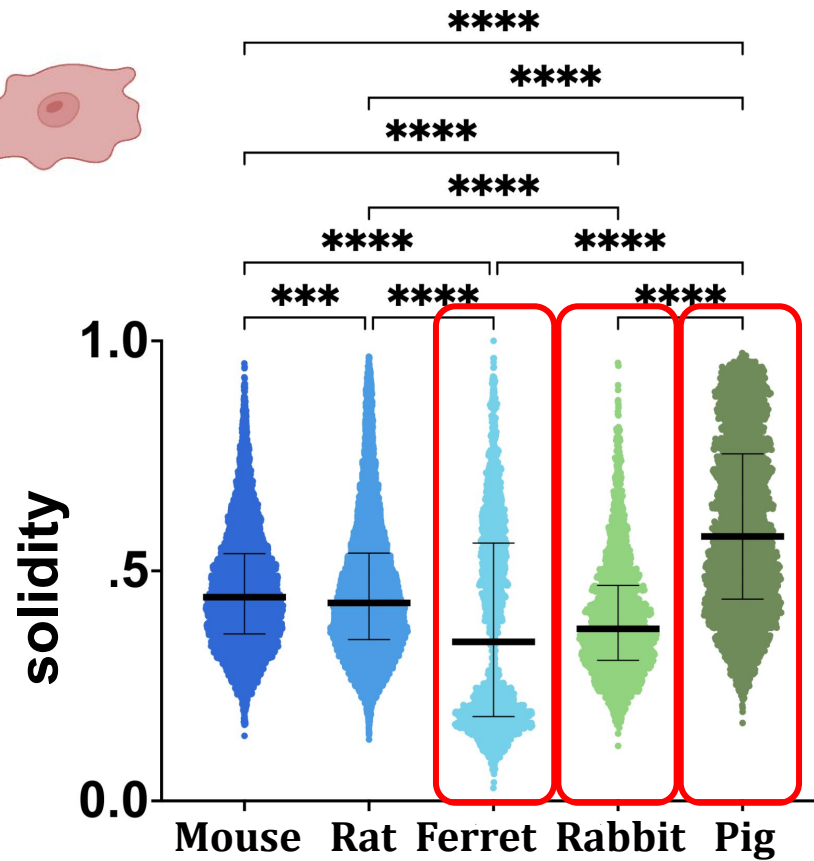
What are the differences between regions in terms of area?



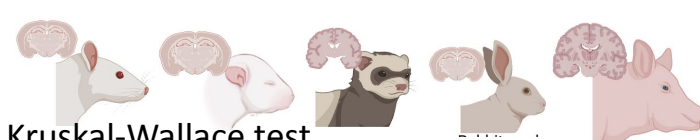
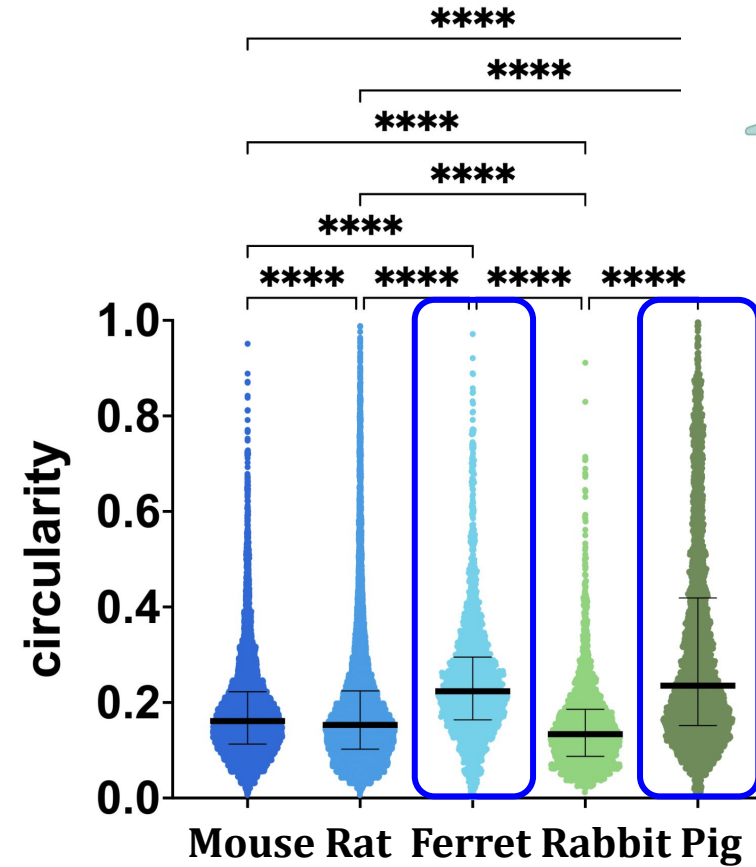
Pigs are most area-dense while ferrets are the least dense. However, they are similar in circularity.

W

Solidity

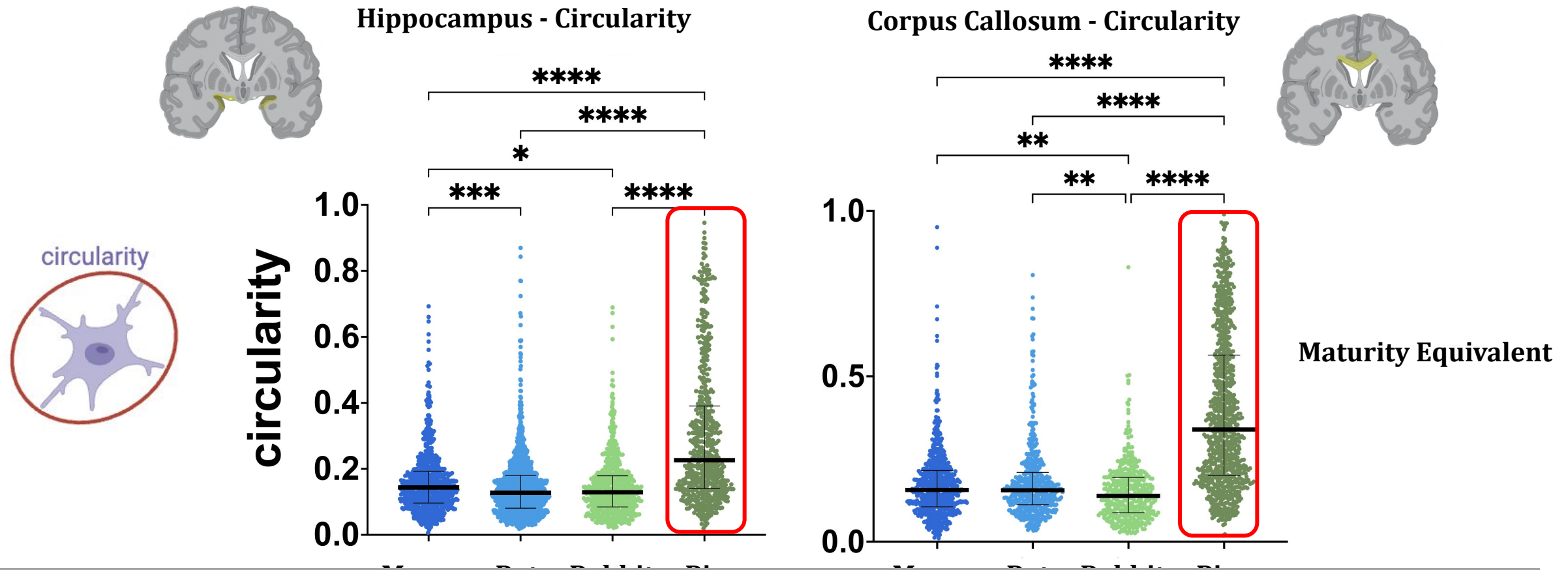


Circularity



*($p < 0.05$), **($p < 0.01$), and ***($p < 0.005$) ****($p < 0.001$) indicate significant differences with Kruskal-Wallis test.
units in pixels - scaled with log10 for visibility

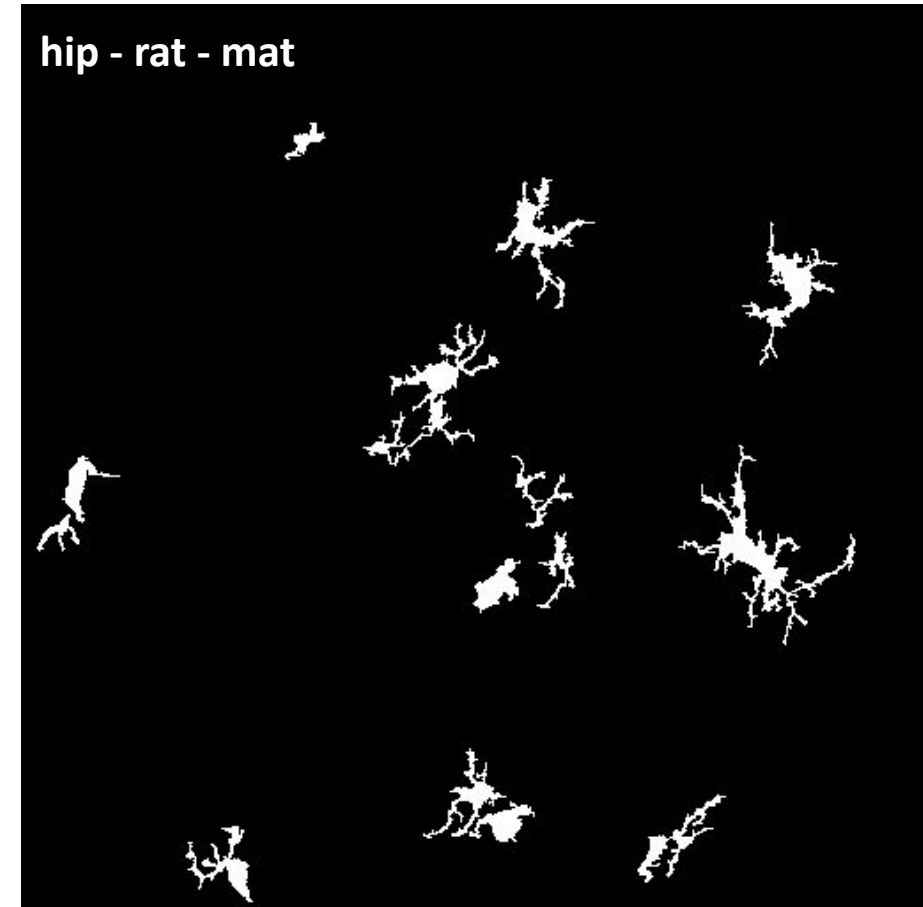
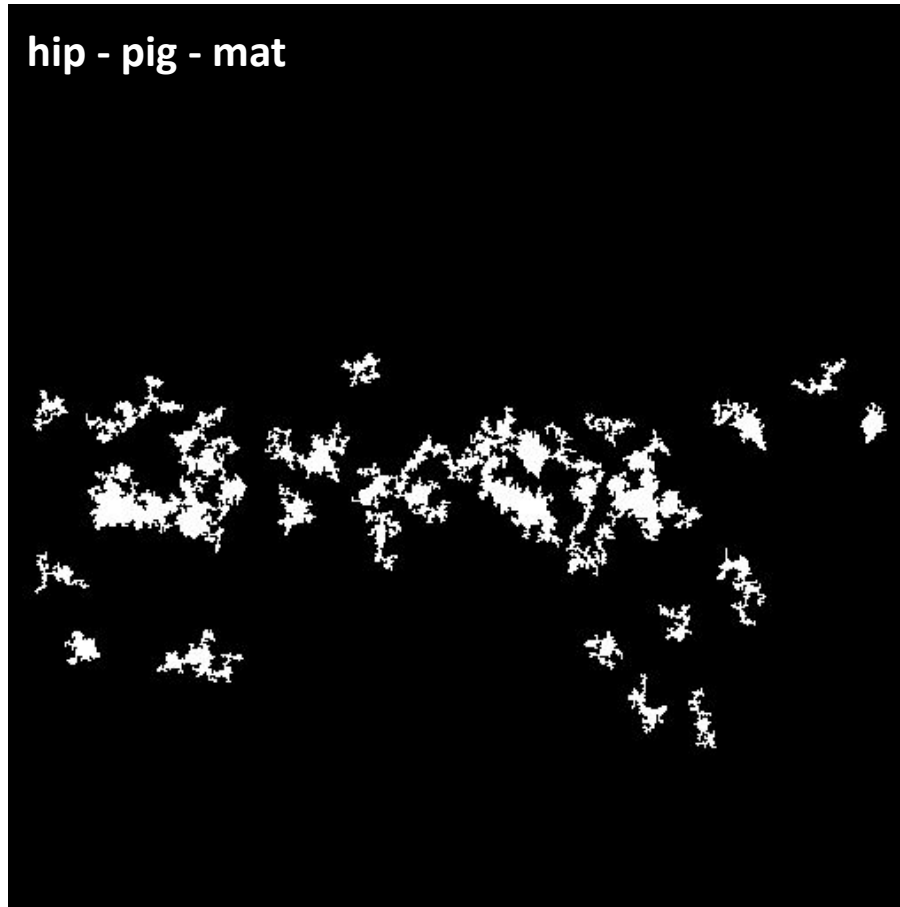
What are the differences between regions in terms of circularity?



Maturity eqv pigs are the most circular compared to maturity eqv mouse, rat, and rabbit.

*(p<0.05), **(p<0.01), and ***(p<0.005) ****(p<0.001) indicate significant differences with Kruskal-Wallace test.

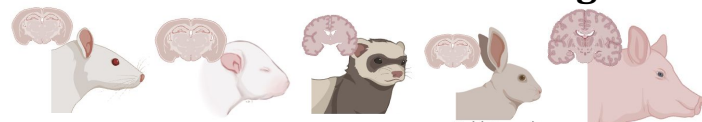
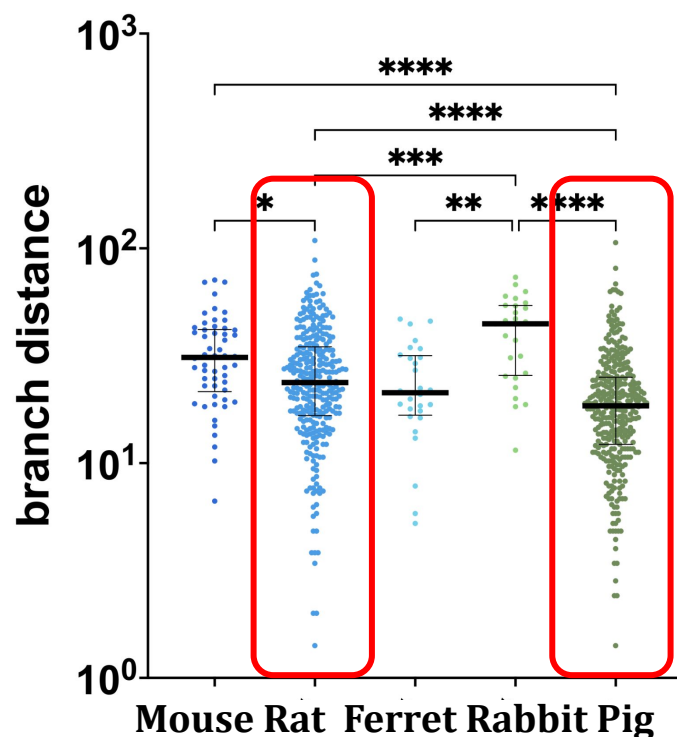
What are the differences between regions in terms of circularity?



Rat and Pig have the most type 0 branches, which may lead to less branch complexity.
Branch type 1 and 2 lengths are similar across species.

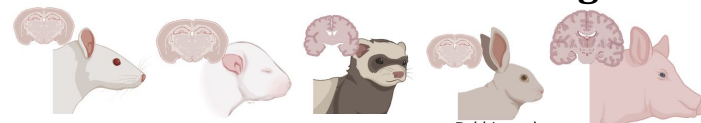
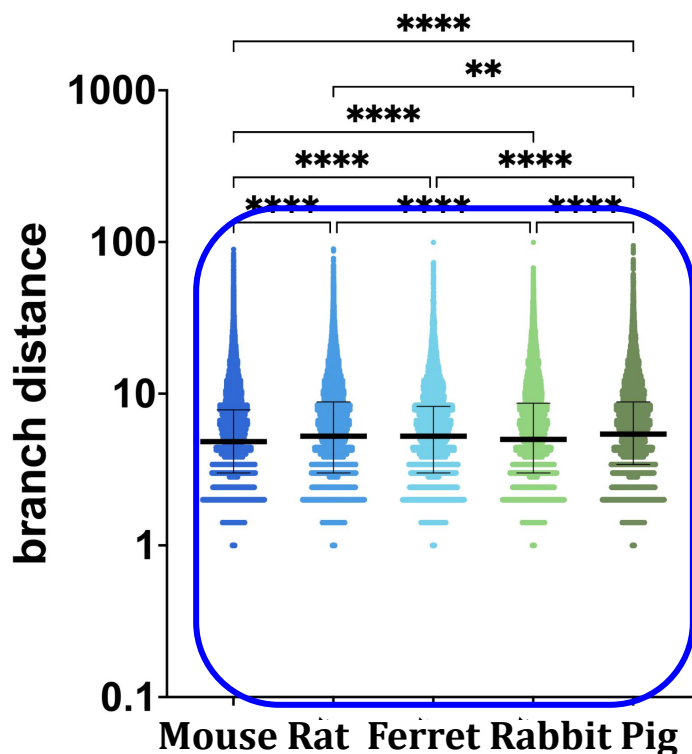
0 Endpoint ● Endpoint

Branch-type-0



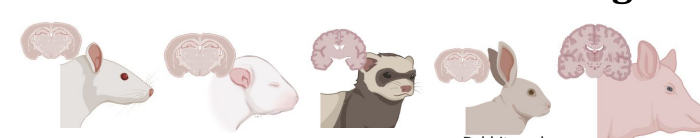
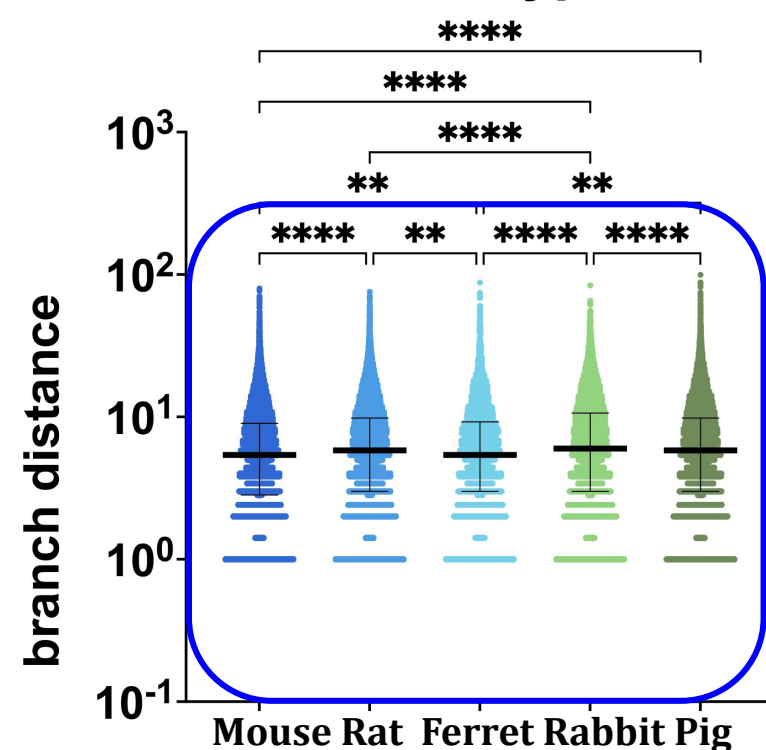
1 Junction ● Endpoint

Branch-type-1



2 Junction ● Junction

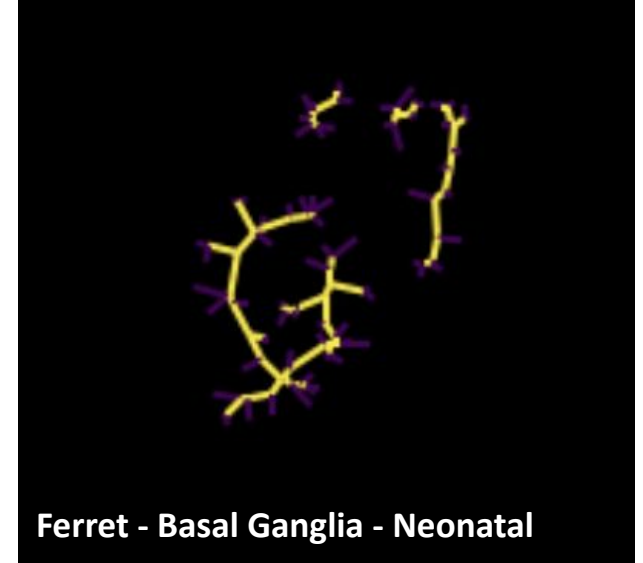
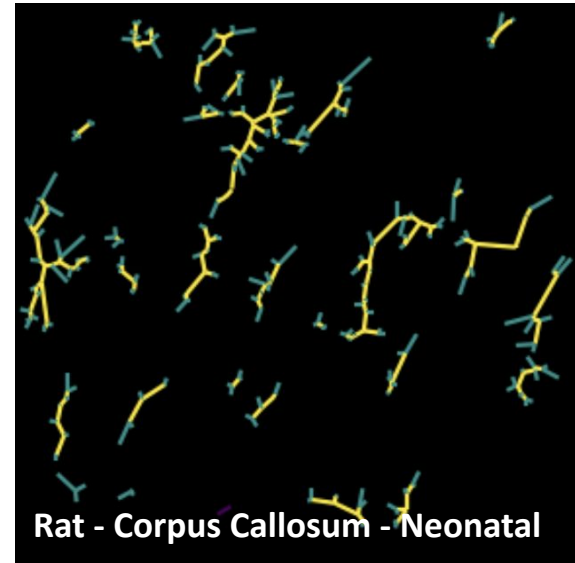
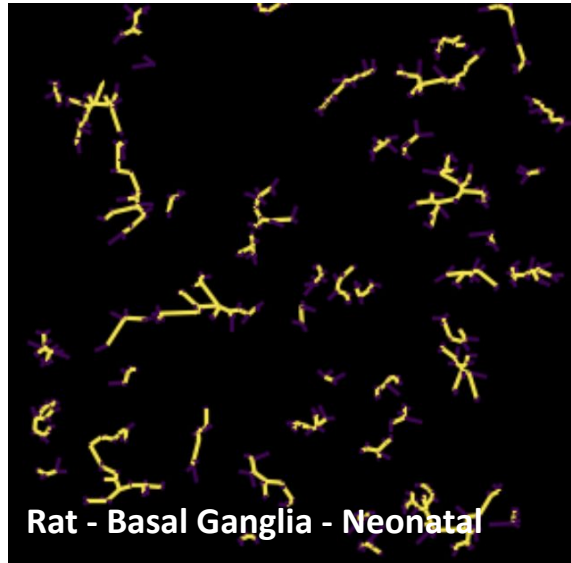
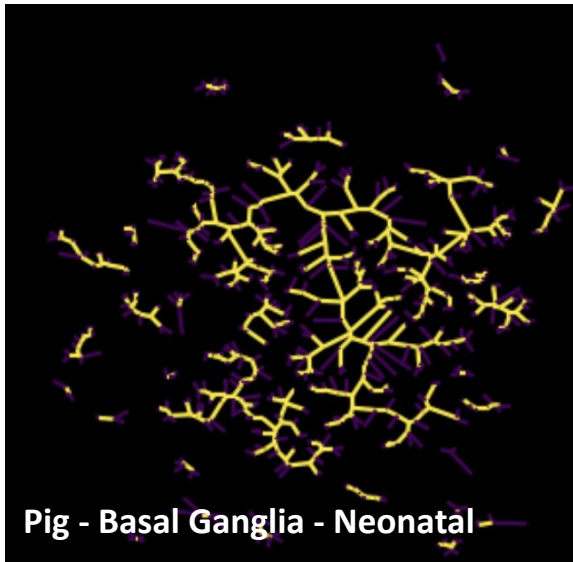
Branch-type-2



*($p < 0.05$), **($p < 0.01$), and ***($p < 0.005$) ****($p < 0.001$) indicate significant differences with Kruskal-Wallis test.
units in pixels - scaled with log10 for visibility

Next Steps

Branching is highly divergent, in the future would like to look further into the significance within branch 1 and 2 across species.



Summary, Current conclusions & Ongoing Work

Pig, ferret, then rabbit are the most circular.

Most distinct in CC and HIP

Mouse, rat, and rabbit are similar in terms of area and perimeter.

There may be less branch complexity in the pig and rat. However, differences in branch 1 and 2 across species need to be considered further.

Current consensus when comparing models:

Mouse, rat, and rabbit can be compared directly without much difference.

Ferret and Pigs may be more circular with minimal branching compared to the other models

Our team and our funding



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Kristin Bennett
Malcolm Renney
Seoyoung Lee
Andrew Ball
Sofia Dahlgren
Olivia Colwell
Cheyenne Yung

Our animals



Lab Alumni, and many others!

Dr. Hawley Helmbrecht
Dr. Chris Nyambura
Dr. Mike McKenna
Dr. Andrea Joseph
David Shackelford, M.S.
Robin Lin, M.S.
Judy Zhou, M.S.
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Dr. Mengying Zhang
Dr. Chad Curtis
Ana Rios Sigler

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